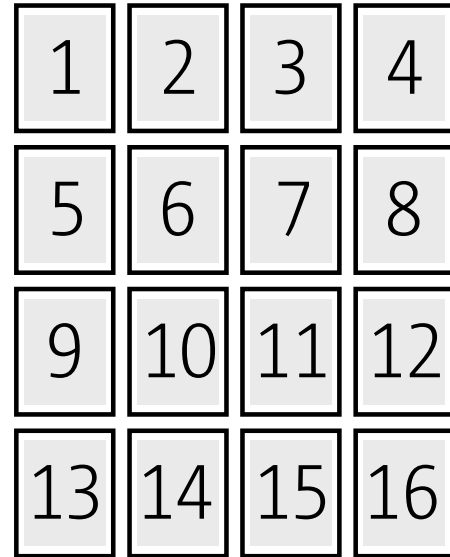


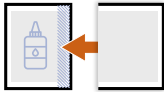

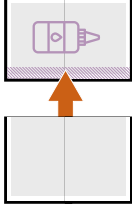
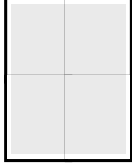


Thanks for downloading our tiled poster!

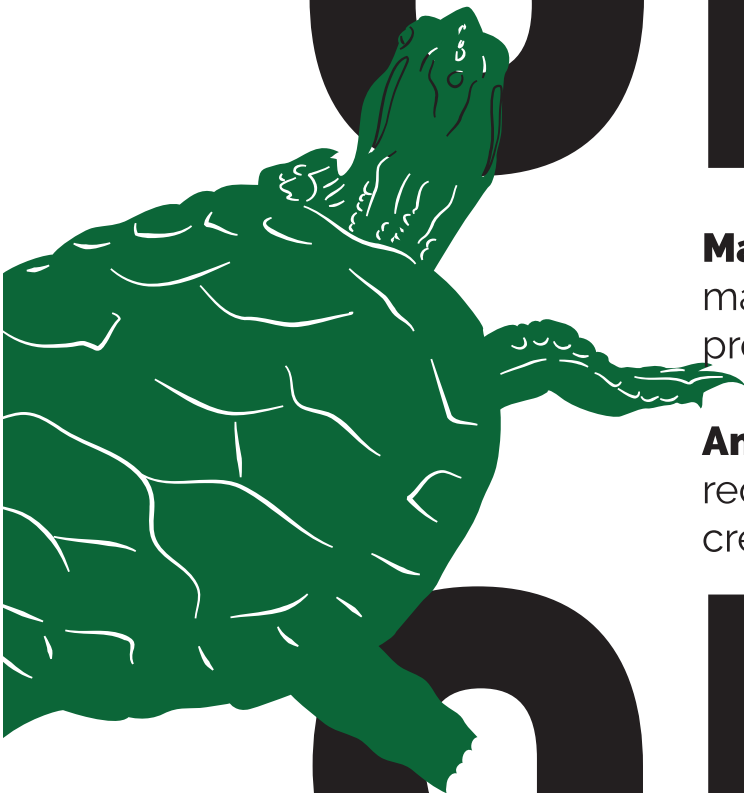
Use these instructions to make it a snap to assemble and post on your wall.



Instructions

	<p>Start with the first row of pages. (Pages 1 through 4)</p>
	<p>Cut the pages 2, 3, and 4 along the dotted lines.</p>
	<p>Apply glue to the colored area on the right side of the first page. Attach the second page to this area. (There will be a little bit of overlap, but that's ok! This ensures that your poster will look great when finished.)</p>
	<p>Repeat these steps for rows 2, 3, and 4.</p>
	<p>Once all rows are assembled, apply glue to the colored area at the bottom of each row. Attach each row to this area on the previous row.</p>
	<p>Trim the outside edges and you're finished!</p>

SEW



Manatees The West Indian Manatee is per marine grasses and other aquatic plants. Ma propellers.

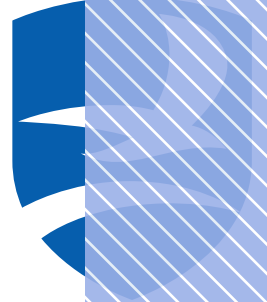
American Alligator American alligators live recent years and they are now considered t create during the dryseason hold water that

SEN





WEN



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you'll discover a
scientific explor
Learn more abo



st Indian Manatee is perhaps the animal that is most symbolic of the Everglades National Park. Manatees can reach 1,000 lbs. and average 8 to 10 feet in length.

American alligators live in the freshwater marshes of the park and so they are now considered "threatened." Their sizes range from 10-inch babies to 10-foot adults. The park's season hold water that many other species depend on.

MANATEE





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otic of the Everglades National Park. These gentle giants, sometimes called 'sea cow', average 8 to 13 feet in length. The species is listed as endangered and managed at

park and sometimes venture into the Florida Bay. They were once listed as endangered and range from 10-inch babies to 10-foot adults. American alligators are essential to the Everglades

ATTENTION





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sometimes called "sea cows," spend hours each day grazing on
angered and manatees are in constant danger of injury from boat

are once listed as endangered but numbers have recovered in
essential to the Everglades ecosystem as the "gator holes" they





SEEN

White-Tailed Deer The white-tailed deer, common throughout the park, has distinctive white spots that disappear as they grow. The white-tailed deer is the most commonly sighted mammal in the Everglades.

Turtles Over a dozen species of turtle are known to live in the Everglades, including the Florida leatherback. The most commonly sighted turtles are the Florida peninsula.

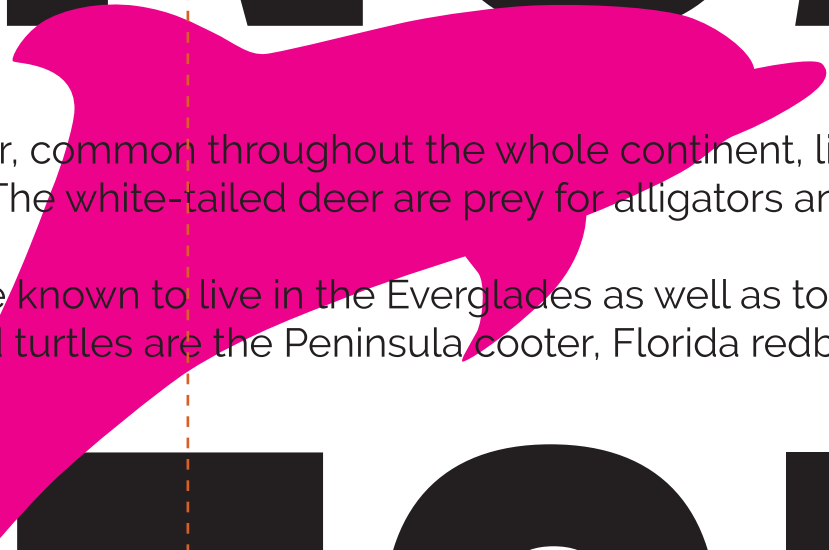


SPRING

Florida Panther The Florida panther is a rare and critically endangered species that lives in the pineland areas of the park. By 1990, it was estimated that there were only 20-30 panthers left in the wild. A captive breeding program as well as other efforts to save the species are ongoing.



INSDA



er, common throughout the whole continent, live in the Everglades. They are identi
The white-tailed deer are prey for alligators and the rare Florida panther, while faw
e known to live in the Everglades as well as tortoises and terrapins. They include ti
d turtles are the Peninsula cooter, Florida redbelly, and Florida box turtle. The Atlas



SPECIE



rare and critically endangered species found in the Everglades National Park. It is
it was estimated that there were fewer than 50 individual cats living in the wild in
s other efforts to save the species.



NIMNIN

arglades. They are identified by the distinctive white underside of their tails; fawns, Florida panther, while fawns and injured adults are sometimes taken by bobcats. errapins. They include the loggerhead, Atlantic hawksbill, Florida snapping turtle, Florida box turtle. The Atlantic loggerhead is a nationally threatened species.



ES

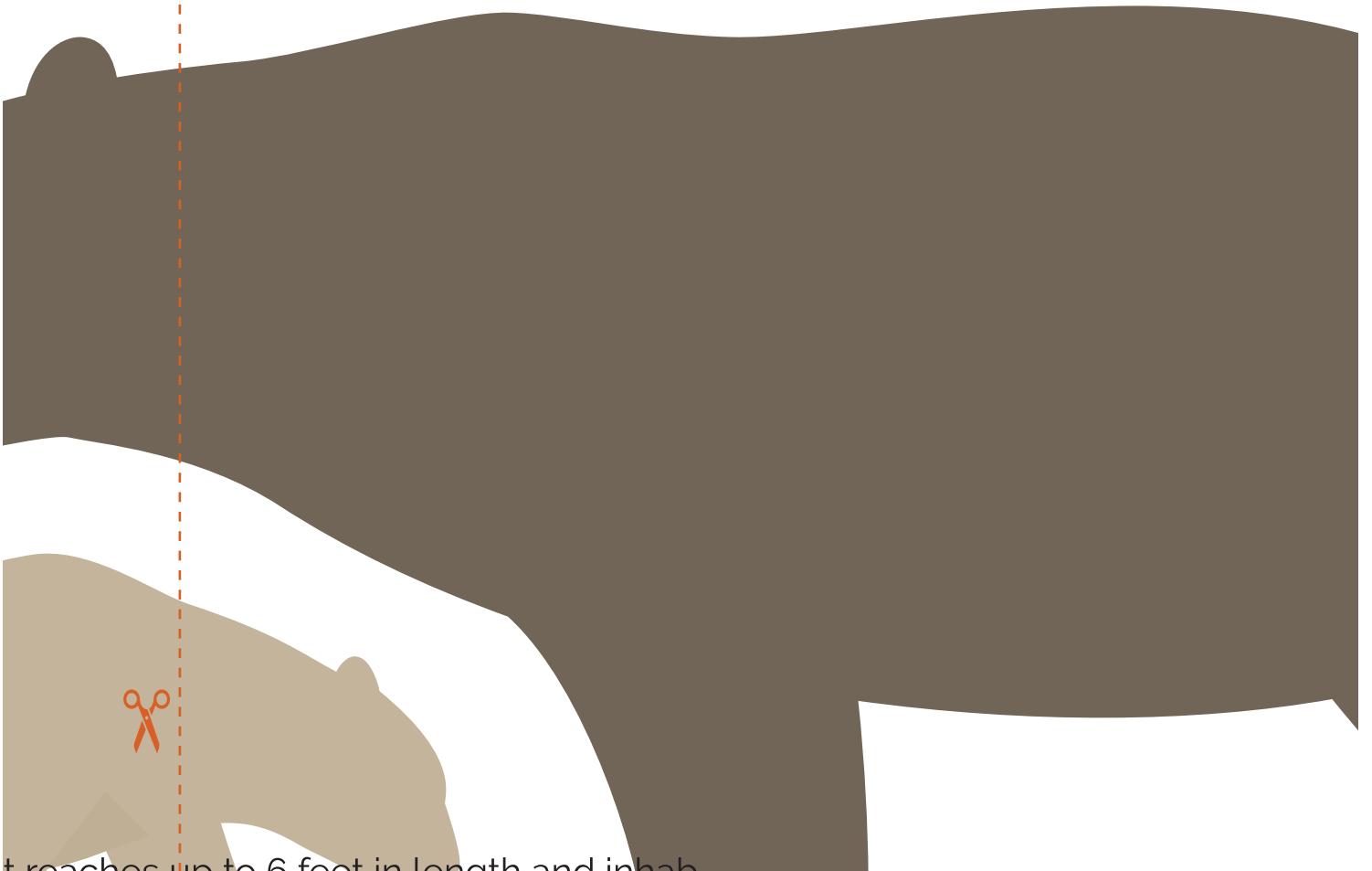
glades National Park. It is a subspecies of mountain lion that reaches up to 6 feet in length. Cats living in the wild, making a lightning highly unlikely. The park and other autho



INVAAL

side of their tails; fawns are dappled with
ies taken by bobcats.

Florida snapping turtle, and the Atlantic
atened species.



t reaches up to 6 feet in length and inhab
he park and other authorities are under





Florida Panther The Florida panther is a rare and critically endangered species that lives in the pinelands areas of the park. By 1990, it was estimated that there were only 20-30 panthers left in the wild. To save the species, the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission initiated a captive breeding program as well as other efforts to restore the population.

SUPA



Black Bear Although the American black bear is common throughout the park, it is still considered a threatened species. Black bears in the park feed on American alligator eggs, carrion, and other food sources.

Bottlenosed Dolphin The Atlantic bottlenosed dolphin is common in the park. There are several pods that vary from two to 15 individuals.

UNIT





rare and critically endangered species found in the Everglades National Park. It is estimated that there were fewer than 50 individual cats living in the wild in other efforts to save the species.

REVIEW



Black bear is common throughout the continent, the black bears in the Everglades are gator eggs, carrion, and insects.

Truncated dolphin is commonly found in the estuarine and marine habitats of the Everglades.



TRUNCATED





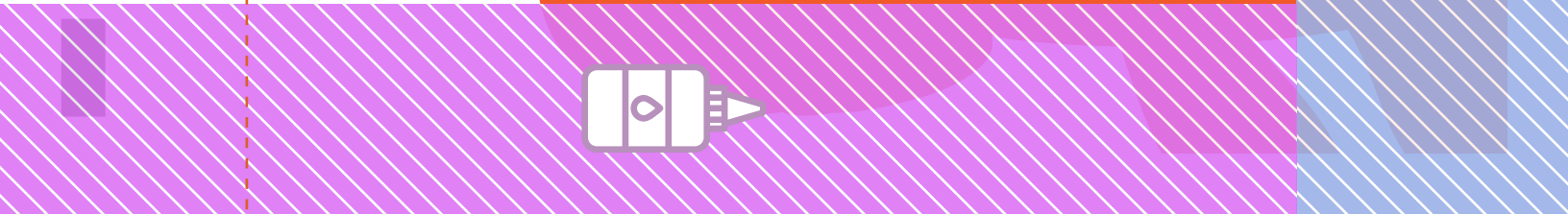
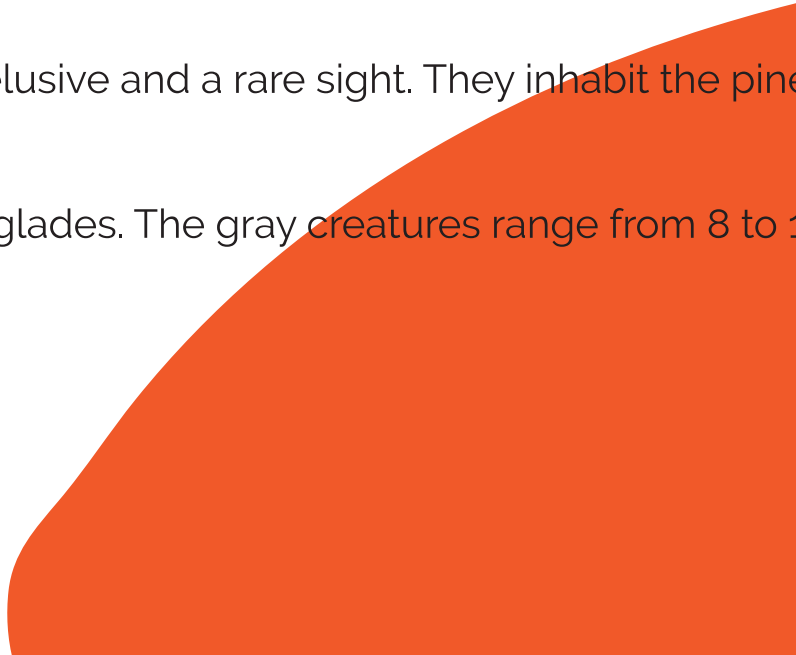
lades National Park. It is a subspecies of mountain lion that reaches up to 6 feet in length. It is one of the largest cats living in the wild, making a sighting highly unlikely. The park and other autho

WING



ars in the Everglades are elusive and a rare sight. They inhabit the pine land areas

marine habitats of the Everglades. The gray creatures range from 8 to 12 feet in len



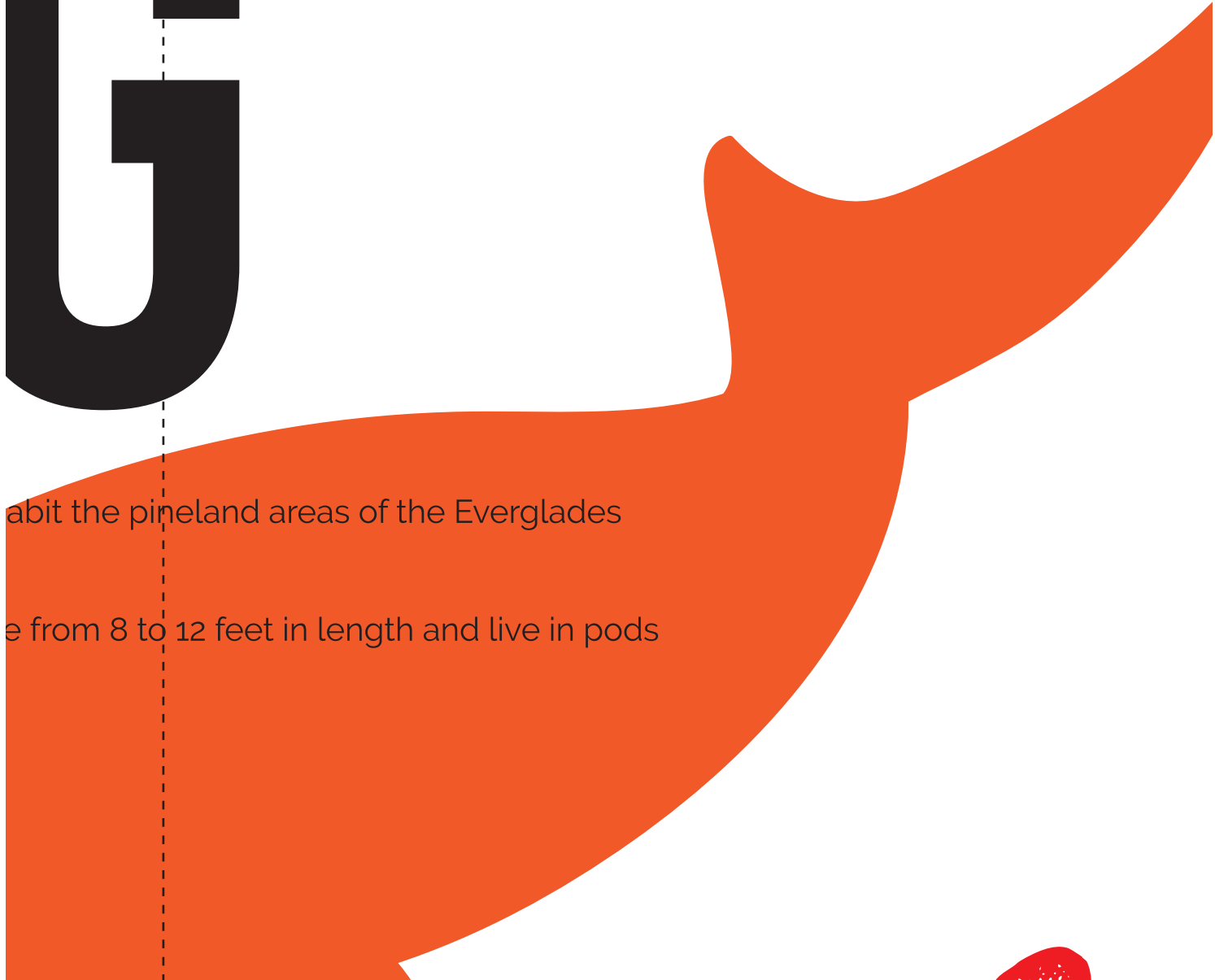


It reaches up to 6 feet in length and inhab-
the park and other authorities are undertak-

G

abit the pineland areas of the Everglades

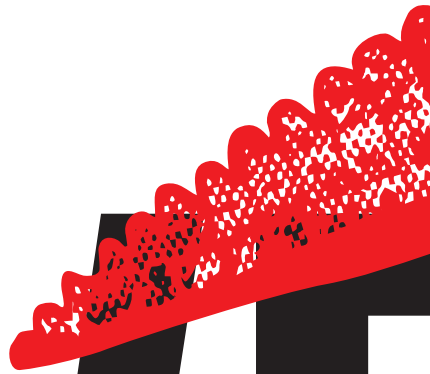
e from 8 to 12 feet in length and live in pods





INNA

EVA





WHITE



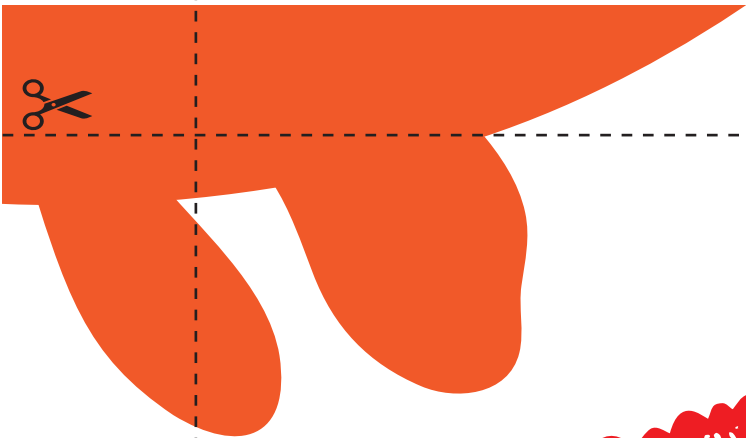
ERGI





ILLAD





DES

